Approved For Release 2000/06/30 : CIA-RDP75-00001R000300500023-5

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OFFICE OF PUBLIC INFORMATION PRESS BRANCH

MAJOR GENERAL HAROLD MARK MCCLELLAND

H. M. McClelland was born in Tiffin, Iowa, November 4, 1893. He was graduated from Kansas State Agricultural College as a Bachelor of Science in 1916. He was commissioned as a Regular second lieutenant August 8, 1917, and was promoted to first lieutenant at the same time.

His initial duty assignment was at the Army Service Schools, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and on November 19, 1918, he joined the 48th Infantry at Norfolk, Virginia.

Detailed to the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps, he earned his wings by attending ground school at the University of Texas, flying gunnery and advanced fighter courses at Rockwell Field, San Diego, California. Then followed assignments at Garden City, New York, and Roosevelt Field, New York and in December of 1918 he became commandant of training, commanding officer of the cadet detachment and assistant engineering officer at Love Field, Dallas, Texas.

In July 1919 he was stationed at London, England, as Assistant Aviation Officer, Headquarters of the Provisional District of Great Britain. He also saw service in England with the U.S. Army Liquidation Mission.

Returning to the United States in January, 1921, he attended the Air Service Communications School at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, and after graduation remained there as instructor. In February, 1922, he was assigned to the Signal Corps Radio laboratory at Camp Alfred Vail, New Jersey, as Air Service Representative, and from August, 1922, to February, 1924, was officer in charge of the laboratory.

Transferred to Mitchel Field, New York, in September, 1924, with the 9th Observation Group, he was postal signal officer and instructor in communications at summer training camps. From September, 1925, to May, 1926, he attended a special radio course at Columbia University.

He left Mitchel Field October 1, 1927 to serve the next four years in the Training and Operations Division, Office of the Chief of Air Corps, at Washington, D. C. He then was given command of the 19th Bombardment Group, which he organized in 1931 and commanded until 1934.

He drew two unusual assignments in 1934. When the Air Corps took over flying the air mail, General McClelland acted as Zone Communications Officer at Salt Lake City. Later in the year, he was Communications and Meteorological Officer for General H. H. Arnold's Alaskan flight which was to do much in shaping the trend of air communications.

MORE

Approved For Release 2000/06/30 : CIA-RDP75-00001R000300500023-5

In October, 1934, he was given command of Rockwell Field and Rockwell Air Depot. In 1935 he began a series of courses, which saw him graduated from the Air Corps Tactical School, the Chemical Warfare School, and the Command and General Staff School. In 1937 he became inspector for the General Headquarters Air Force at Langley Field, Virginia.

In August, 1938, he was assigned to the Operations and Training Division of the War Department General Staff, Washington, D. C., and became Chief of Aviation Branch of that division on February 21, 1941. In May, 1941, he was assigned as Assistant Chief of Staff for Operations and Training of the Special Army Observer Group, in London, England, and upon entry of the United States in World War II he was Assistant Chief of Staff, Training and Operations, European Theatre.

He returned to the U.S. in July, 1942, and was assigned to Head-quarters, Army Air Forces, Washington, D.C., where he was Director of Technical Services until March, 1943. After serving the next several months as Deputy Assistant Chief of Air Staff, Operations, Headquarters, Army Air Forces, he became the Air Communications Officer in July, 1943. On April 8, 1946 he became the Commanding General of the Airways & Air Communications Service.

Upon the creation of the Military Air Transport Service, June 6, 1948, General McClelland was named Deputy Commander, Services. These services included Airways & Air Communications Service, Air Weather Service, Air Rescue Service, Flight Service and National Interest Bases. In addition to his new duties, he continued as Commanding General of Airways & Air Communications Service until September 10, 1948.

On August 30, 1949, he was appointed Director of Communications-Electronics in the Department of Defense, with station at Washington, D. C.

He has been awarded the Distinguished Service Medal, the Legion of Merit, and is a Commander, Order of the British Empire. His DSM citation reads: "***as Air Communications Officer, Headquarters Army Air Forces from July 1942 to August 1945, (Gen. McClelland) supervised the Army Airways Communications System which furnished communications and navigational aids along the military air routes throughout the world. He pioneered in military electronics, analysed the enemy's scientific research in this field and instituted radio and radar countermeasures."

General McClelland is rated as a Command Pilot.

PROMOTIONS

He was promoted to captain (temporary) June 17, 1918; captain (permanent) July 1, 1920; lieutenant colonel (temporary) April 20, 1935; major (permanent) August 1, 1935; lieutenant colonel (permanent) August 8, 1940; colonel MORE

Approved For Release 2000/06/30 : CIA-RDP75-00001R000300500023-5

(temporary) November 16, 1940; brigadier general (temporary) April 18, 1942; major general (temporary) June 3, 1945; colonel (permanent) August 1, 1946; and brigadier general (permanent) on February 19, 1948, with date of rank as of April 18, 1942.

END

Up to date as of 1 September 1949.

He retired suguet 31, 1952.